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Naples, Sept. 8.

HEre is arrived by Land from *Holland* the Sieur *Almond*, with Commission to command the *Dutch* Squadron of Men of War that are here. The *French* Fleet is abroad, but hitherto we hear not of any attempt they have made upon the *Spaniards*. It is said that the *Spanish* Men of War are likewise coming hither from *Palermo*.

Warsaw, Sept. 10. Amidst the great preparations of the *Turks* and *Tartars* to attack us, overtures are likewise made in order to a Peace; for our last Letters from the Court which were dated the 4th instant at *Javarow*, inform us, That the Prince of *Moldavia* had in the name of the Grand Signior, sent to the King, to offer new Proposals for a Peace, and to desire his Majesty to send to *Sebastian* Bassa, who at present commands the *Ottoman* Forces, some Persons of quality and of experience as his Commissioners, with full power to conclude the Peace, promising that they shall be received and treated with all kindness and civility, and for Security thereof offering Hostages. Upon which the King had called a Council, where all the Senators that were with his Majesty and the general Officers assisted, to resolve what was fit to be done; and that a resolution had been finally taken, to send a Senator and two other Persons of quality to the said Bassa, to treat and conclude a Peace with him, provided the Conditions were just and honourable. In the mean time the King having received advice, That the *Turks* were on their march towards *Faslovies*, a Castle scituate about six Leagues on the other side of *Caminiec*, with intention to attack it, his Majesty intended to part from *Javarow* the 6th instant, to put himself at the head of his Forces, and to endeavor to prevent the designs of the Enemies. Hereof is arrived Mr. *Hide* Ambassador of His Majesty of *Great Britain*, to the King of *Poland*.

Dantzick, Sept. 12. The 7th instant, the Queen upon the receipt of Letters from the King, parted from hence, and is returned to *Poland*, of which sudden resolution we cannot yet learn the cause. The *Turks* and *Tartars* approach the *Polish* Frontiers.

Vienna, Sept. 13. On Friday last dyed here the Archduchess of *Inspruck*, Mother to the late Empress; and this evening was Interred in the *Dominicans* Church, with great Solemnity. The Emperor has not yet declared his future Empress.

Copenhagen, Sept. 19. What we told you in our last concerning the King of *Denmarks* being advanced with his Army from *Helmstadt*, to fight the *Swedes*, who lay not above four Leagues from thence on the other side of the River, proves a mistake. The Letters we receive since from the Camp, giving us an account, That the King having summoned the Governor of the place to surrender it, and receiving for answer, That he would defend the same as became him, his Majesty resolved to make a formal Siege, and in order thereunto had sent for his heavy Cannon for Battery, and caused the other necessary preparations to be made. From *Gottenburg* we have an account of the Sieur *Guldenlieu's* having in great haste raised the Siege of *Bahus*, upon the news he had that 20000 *Swedes* were coming down upon him, and that he was retired towards *Norway*. Admiral *Tromp* is come in with the Fleet, and is going to wait upon the King, to receive further orders. The Duke of *Holstein Gottorp* has, it's said, agreed to do Homage to the King, for the Dutchy of *Stetwicke*.

Hamburgh, Sept. 25. According to the Capitulation which we told you of in our last, the Garison of *Lubeck* marched out the day following, and the Elector of *Brandenburgh* having put a Garison into it, marched with the Forces he had there towards *Stetin*, though there is ground to believe that he will not begin the Siege of that place, till that of *Demmin* is finished. The last Advices we had from thence, gave an account that the Besiegers were so far advanced as to be preparing for a general Assault, which it was believed the Besieged would hardly expect. It is reported that the Elector of *Brandenburgh*, before he makes use of force against *Stetin*, has offered that City several advantages in case they make themselves worthy of them by an early submission to him. The Letters we have from *Stockholm* say that the King was expected there about the latter end of this month, to be present at the opening the Assembly of the States of the Kingdom; and that it was believed their Fleet would hardly come to Sea any more this year.

Strasburgh, Sept. 21. The Duke of *Luxemburgh* having for some time been encamped at *Wisl* and *Edingen*, is now removed from thence, and marched up higher to *Brisac*; we know not yet whether his intention is to repass the *Rhine*, or only to go into fresh quarters. We expect that to morrow or next day the Imperial Troops that were at the Siege of *Philipsburgh*, will have joined the Army, which remains encamped at *Griesheim* near *Offenburg*, and then the Duke of *Lorrain* will remove from thence with 30000 fighting men. Major General *Schultz* has had another Rencounter with several *French* Troops, which some say were 4000 strong, of whom 300 were killed, and several taken Prisoners. The Governors of *Sohlestadt*, *Saverne* and *Hagenaw*, have commanded all the Towns, Bourgs and Villages of the *Lower Alsace*, to bring all their Corn, Hay and Straw into one of those three places, upon pain of Military execution, by that means to deprive the Imperial Army of wherewithall to subsist, in case the Duke of *Lorrain* would pass the *Rhine*, and come into *Alsace*. It is reported here, that the *French* Resident has obtained from our Magistrates a Declaration in writing, that they will not any more grant the passage of their Bridge to the Imperial Army, but that they will in all things exactly comply with the obligations, the Treaty of Neutrality between the King and them, layes upon them.

Offenburgh, Sept. 21. Yesterday the Duke of *Lorrain*, and the other Generals of the Imperial Army, which continues encamped within half a League from this place, were here in Town, and assisted at a solemn Mass, which